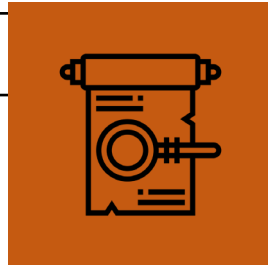




Objectives and Sticky Knowledge



Previous Knowledge Recap:

War and invasion has consequences for how a country is ruled and the people who live in it. The Anglo-Saxons (Angle, Saxon and Jute groups) were 3 attacking tribes with a shared language with three different leaders.

In 350, the Anglo Saxons raid England but are beaten back by the Romans.

In 410, the Romans left England and the English shores are unprotected.

Between 449 and 550, the Jutes arrived from Jutland, the Angles from Denmark and the Saxons from Germany.

Land Objectives and Sticky Knowledge:

Know how to place historical events and people from the past societies and periods in a chronological framework

- Understand the meaning of chronology through exploration of timelines, knowing that events are placed in order from earliest to most recent and that gaps in between reflect periods of time.
- Know that when events overlap on a timeline, this is because they happened at the same time.
- Place key events from history taught in previous year groups onto a timeline.
- Begin to find out about key people and events from WW1 – linked to remembrance.

Links with 'Communication' Golden Thread:

Links with CST and CKA Values Crown:




Year 6 World War One Knowledge Organiser

Key Vocabulary

Key Vocabulary	
alliance	An agreement between two or more people, groups or countries to support each other.
armistice	An agreement by countries at war to stop fighting.
assassinated	The act of murdering someone (usually an important person).
colonised	One country taking control of another country.
declare	To announce.
invade	To enter an area and forcibly take control.
rationed	Being given a food allowance when food is in short supply.

Who Went to War?

July 28th 1914 - November 11th 1918

The Triple Entente/The Allies		The Triple Alliance /The Central Powers	
	United Kingdom		Germany
	France		Italy
	Russia		Austria-Hungary
	The USA was a major trading partner with Britain. In April 1917, the USA declared war against Germany for attacking their trading ships around Britain.		



Archduke Franz Ferdinand

The main event thought to have triggered the start of the First World War is the **assassination** of Archduke Franz Ferdinand.

- In 1914, Archduke Ferdinand was due to become the king of Austria-Hungary.
- Gavrilo Princip from Serbia **assassinated** Archduke Ferdinand and his wife, causing Austria-Hungary to **declare** war on Serbia.
- Russia began to move their army in case they were needed.
- Germany did not like Russia preparing their army and so **declared** war on them. Germany then also **declared** war on France.
- Britain **declared** war on Germany to support Russia and France.

Sky Objectives:

1. Select relevant sources of information to address historically valid questions and construct detailed, informed responses.
2. Using appropriate historical terms, describe the key features of the past, including attitudes, beliefs and the everyday lives of men, women and children.
3. Understand and describe in some detail the main changes to an aspect in a period in history and how some events / periods occurred concurrently in different locations.