CHRIST THE KING CATHOLIC VOLUNTARY ACADEMY				CURRICULUM REVIEW: OVERVIEW SUBJECT: HISTORY				
Term	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	KS3
Autumn	Understanding the	Local History	Beyond Living	Chronology Stone	Chronology	Chronology	BEYOND 1066 –	- The
1	World:	Know the name of	<u>Memory</u>	<u> Age – 1066</u>	(STONE AGE TO	(Romans)	<u>WW1</u>	development of
	- Comments and	a famous person,	<u>Great Fire of</u>		1066)	-Know how Britain	Know how to place	Church, state
	ask questions	or famous place,	<u>London</u>	*Know how Britain	Romans	changed between	historical events	and society in
	about the natural	close to where	Know about an	changed between the	- Know how	the end of the	and people from	Medieval Britain
	world	they live.	event or events	beginning of the	Britain changed	Roman occupation	the past societies	1066-1509
			that happened	stone age and the	from the iron age	and 1066	and periods in a	1000-1309
	The World:	<mark>Famous local</mark>	long ago, even	iron age	to the end of the		chronological	
	- Looks closely at	<mark>people: Stuart</mark>	before		Roman	Chronology (Anglo-	framework	- The
	similarities,	<mark>Broad, Rebecca</mark>	grandparents	*Know the main	occupation.	Saxons and Scots)		
	differences,	<mark>Adlington, Sat</mark>	were born.	differences between	- Know how the	-Know about how	- Timelining of	development of
	pattern and	<mark>Bains</mark>	·	the stone, bronze and	Roman	the Anglo-Saxons	ancient civilisations	Church, state
	change		Know what we use	iron ages	occupation of	attempted to bring	- War and conflict –	and society in
	*order/sequence		today instead of a		Britain helped to	about law and order	WW1 – causes and	Britain 1509-
	the school day	Surpassing NC	number of older	*Know what is meant	advance British	into the country	influences	1745
	(images)		artefacts given.	by 'hunter-gatherers'	society.	Know that during		
					- Know how there	the Anglo-Saxon		- Ideas, political
					was resistance to	period Britain was		power, industry
					the Roman	divided into many		and empire:
					occupation and	kingdoms		Britain, 1745-
					know about	Know that the way		1901
					Boudica.	the kingdoms were		-50-
					- Know about at	divided led to the		
					least one famous	creation of some of		- Challenges for
					Roman emperor.	our county		Britain, Europe
						boundaries today		and the wider
						-Use a time line to show when the		world 1901 to
						Anglo-Saxons were		
						in England		the present day
						III Eligialiu		A 1 1 1 1 1
Autumn	Understanding the					CHRONOLOGY	BEYOND 1066 –	- A local history
2	World:					(STONE AGE to	WW2 and the	study
	- Remember and					1066)	Battle of Britain	
	talk about					• Know where	Know about a	
	significant events					the Vikings	theme in	- The study of an
	in their own					originated from	British history	aspect or theme
	experiences					originated from	which extends	in British history
	experiences				<u> </u>		Willell Exterios	

	The World: - Children talk about past and present events in their own lives				and show this on a map • Know that the Vikings and Anglo-Saxons were often in conflict Know why the Vikings frequently won battles with the Anglo-Saxons	beyond 1066 and explain why this was important in relation to British history know how Britain has had a major influence on the world	that consolidates and extends pupils' chronological knowledge from before 1066  - At least one study of a significant
Spring 1	Understanding the World: - Be interested in families and talk about their own family  The World: - Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things	Local Study – Eyam  Know about the plague and the impact on Eyam.	Alfreton 100 years ago Know that children's lives today are different to those of children a long time ago.  Know that the local area is different to the way it used to be a long time ago.  Differentiate between things that were here				society or issue in world history and its interconnections with other world developments [for example, Mughal India 1526-1857; China's Qing dynasty 1644-1911; Changing Russian empires c.1800-1989; USA in the 20th Century].
Spring 2	Understanding the World: People and Communities: - They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others and among	Changes within living memory Know that the toys their grandparents played with were different to their own.	100 years ago and things that were not (buildings, toys, tools)				

	families	Organise a					
	communities and	number of					
	traditions	artefacts by age.					
		, 5					
		Know what a					
		number of older					
		objects were used					
		for.					
		Know the main					
		differences					
		between their					
		school days and					
		that of their					
		grandparents.					
		· .					
Summer	Understanding the	<u>Lives of</u>	Lives of significant	Ancient Greece	ANCIENT	Local Study	CIVILIZATIONS
1	<u>World:</u>	<u>significant</u>	<u>individuals</u>		ANCIENTS	( Arkwright)	FROM 1000 YEARS
	- Recognise	<u>individuals</u>		*Know some of the	Ancient	-Know about a	AGO
	similarities and	Know about a	Know about a	main characteristics	Egyptians	period of history	<ul> <li>Know about</li> </ul>
	differences in	famous person	famous person	of the Athenians and	- Know about,	that has strong	the impact that
	relation to families	from the locality	from outside the	the Spartans	and name, some	connections to their	one of the
	and friends	and explain why	UK and explain		of the advanced	locality and	following
		they are famous:	why they are	*Know about the	societies that	understand the	ancient
	People and	Florence	famous –	influence the gods	were in the world	issues associated	societies had
	<u>Communities:</u>	Nightingale		<mark>had on Ancient</mark>	around 3000	with the period.	on the world:
	- Children talk		Compare aspects	<mark>Greece</mark>	years ago.	Know how the lives	<u>the early</u>
	about past and		of life in different		- Know about the	of wealthy people	<u>Islamic</u>
	present events in		time periods:	*Know at least five	key features of	were different from	<u>civilization</u> ; the
	their own lives of		Nelson Mandela	<mark>sports from the</mark>	either: <b>Ancient</b>	the lives of poorer	Islamic
	family members			<mark>Ancient Greek</mark>	Egypt; Ancient	people during this	civilization; or
			Mary Seacole	Olympics	Sumer; Indus	time	the Benin
					Valley; or the		Know why they
			<b>Ibn Battuta</b> a		Shang Dynasty.		were considered an
			medieval Muslim				advanced society in
			traveller				relation to that
			who wrote one of				period of time in
			the world's most				Europe

Summer 2	Understanding the World:  - Recognise similarities and differences in relation to families and friends  People and Communities:  - Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others and among families, communities and traditions.		famous travel logs, the Riḥlah.				CIVILIZATIONS FROM 1000 YEARS AGO  • Know about the impact that one of the following ancient societies had on the world: the Mayan civilization; the Islamic civilization; or the Benin • Know why they were considered an advanced society in relation to that period of time in Europe	
		*Order events over a week, labelling the timeline	*Order artefacts or events over a period less than 100 years with labelled lines/sections	*Consider BC and label timeline with eras stone-age to iron age *Work out 'time between' on simple level – eg millennia/thousands of years ago	Year 4  *Labelled timeline connecting present day /Biblical events/ history periods studied *Work out 'time- between'	*Use timelines to work out periods of dominance Romans/Saxons/ Vikings/Normans and add log eg history of writing *Work out 'how long ago' in maths to the year.	*Record events on a timeline from 1900 – 1953 and begin to explain links/cause and effect eg rise of Hitler and the Depression. Use dates in	

			*In RE: place Church's year on a			independent writing	
			labelled timeline			witchig	
*Conflict and Resolution: PHSE link/RE link Why do we fall out with friends? How do we put it right? 2 RECOUNT PICTURES	* Who do we fall out with in our family? Why do we fall out with brothers and sisters? How do we put it right? (Focus on eg property/toys/ space etc) RECOUNT (modelled sentences)	*Toys: competitive games/war toys: Toy soldiers, Marbles, Action Men, video games – why do people like to win? Why is it hard to lose? When is it hard to lose?	*Stone-Age/Iron Age conflict: space, food, wood, water *How did early people resolve their disputes? Evidence? *Did UK exist? Why not?	*Cause and effect Roman occupation. *Why was the Roman Army so successful? *Who did the Romans conquer? (ie Empire boundaries – link Geography) *Why was Hadrian's Wall built where it was built? What was happening in Scotland?	*Anglo-Saxon establishment and defence of 'kingdoms' How?  *Why and how did Anglo-Saxons and Vikings share what is now England?  *What was happening in Scotland, Wales and Ireland?	*Why were so many countries involved	