



Objectives and Sticky Knowledge – Why Does Population Change?



Previous Knowledge Recap:

- The climate of an area is dependant on where it is located in relation to the tropics and the Equator.
- Humans can have a big impact on the world’s resources.
- Know the features of a specific biome.
- Deforestation is the deliberate clearing of forests by humans.

Land Objectives and Sticky Knowledge:

To understand the change and distribution of the global population.	To define birth and death rates and describe why they change.	To recognise the push and pull factors influencing migration.	To begin to understand the impact climate change can have on the global population.	To collect data showing how population impacts the amount of traffic and litter in an area and report on the fieldwork process, analyse findings and make suggestions to improve a situation.
Define global population distribution. Describe how and why the global population has changed. Begin to explain why people may choose to live in a particular environment.	Define birth rate and death rate. Describe what influences birth and death rates. Identify the natural increase of a population on a graph.	Define migration. Describe push and pull factors. Explain why some migration is involuntary	Give reasons why climate change is happening. Describe the impact of climate change on the population. Suggest ways to fight climate change at a local level.	Follow a pre-prepared route on an OS map. Use a range of data collection methods. Collect both quantitative and qualitative data. Use digital technologies to map data collected. Analyse and compare two different data sets. Suggest improvements in response to conclusions drawn.

Sea:

Links with Golden Thread:

Links with CST and CKA Values Crown:

Year 6 Geography Knowledge Organiser

Sky Objectives:

1. Locate, describe and understand key aspects of deserts and climate zones.
2. Describe and understand the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water
3. identify the position and significance of the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)

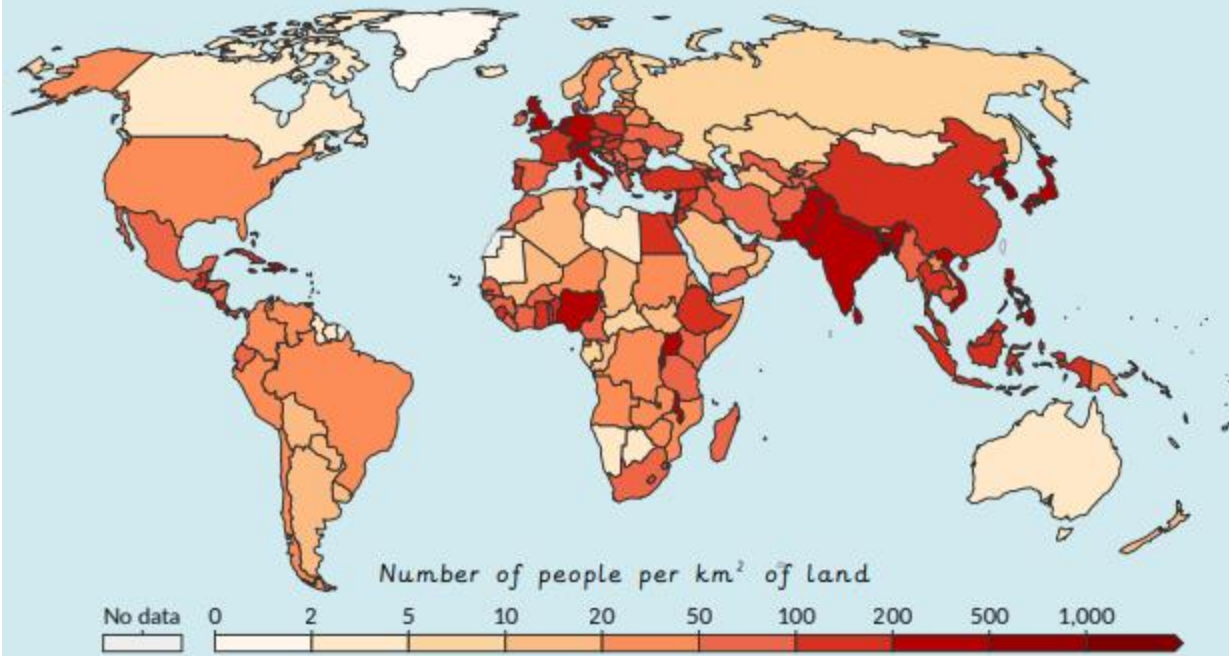


population	The number of people living in a particular place.
densely populated	An area that contains many people relative to its size.
sparsely populated	An area that has few people relative to its size.

migration	The act of people moving from one place to another.
refugee	People forced to leave their country to find safety because of conflict, violence or war.

push factors	Negative factors that push people away from a place.
pull factors	Positive factors that pull people towards a place.

Map showing global population density



Reasons for population growth

Increase in birth rate.



Decrease in death rate.

Increase in immigration.

Consistent access to food.



A stable job and income.



Clean, spacious housing.

Reasons for population decline

Decrease in birth rate.

Increase in death rate.



Increase in emigration.

Little or no access to clean water.



Little access to hospitals and medicine.

War and conflict.

Natural disasters.



Spread of disease.

